

Global Catholic Positive Equity Strategy Update

Second Quarter, 2017

GLOBAL MARKET REVIEW

The MSCI ACWI Index (the "Index") rose +4.3% in the second quarter. In local currency terms, the Index rose +3.1% as a weaker US Dollar added +1.2% to US investor returns. The Euro strengthened over 6% relative to the US Dollar. The Pound did not keep up with the Euro, though it was still up almost 4%. The Yen declined about 1%. The MSCI US Index rose +2.9%, while the MSCI ACWI ex. US Index rose +5.8%. ACWI Europe (+7.2%) outperformed the Asia Pacific (+5.8%) region.

Strong corporate earnings growth and employment gains, muted inflation, and an uptick in global growth expectations all underpin continued asset price appreciation. The US Federal Reserve ("The Fed") persisted along its stated path to gradually raise rates; in June, the fed funds rate was increased by another ¼ percentage point, a total of three increases in just over six months. While these actions have moved the short end of the yield curve higher, overall the curve flattened as the ten-year Treasury yield ended the quarter down slightly at 2.3%.

Emmanuel Macron's victory in the French Presidential election helped boost confidence in Europe's political stability while Europe's economic outlook continued to improve. A key survey of Eurozone manufacturers reached a five-year high and the unemployment rate fell to 9.3%, its lowest level since March 2009. In the UK, the ruling Conservative Party lost its parliamentary majority in a snap election, changing the political calculus of Brexit negotiations. Japan's labor market is robust with 3% unemployment, but structural factors appear to be keeping wage growth and inflation below 1%. Moody's downgraded China's credit rating based on concerns about rapidly growing debt and slowing GDP growth. Nevertheless, Chinese economic indicators broadly signaled stable growth and investors' concerns over its eased currency.

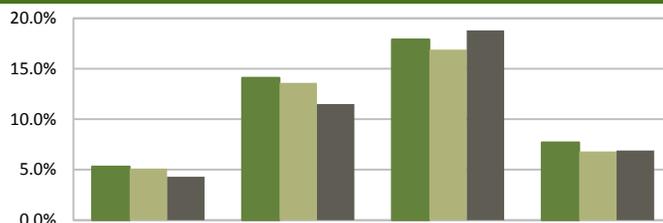
The MSCI Emerging Markets Index rose 6.3%, led by Asia (+8.6%). South Korea and China each rose slightly over 10%, while Turkey rose 19.3%. Russia (-10.0%) was the worst performing major market.

Improving fundamentals and sentiment helped Health Care (+6.9%), Technology (+6.6%), and Industrials (+5.5%) outperform. Falling oil and industrial metal prices caused the Energy (-4.9%) and Materials (+2.2%) sectors to lag the Index.

PORTFOLIO REVIEW

A composite of accounts invested in the Boston Common Global Catholic strategy returned +5.3% before fees, outperforming the Index. Relative results were driven by positive stock selection across various sectors, led by Financials and Consumer Staples. In the Financials sector, Pan-Asian life insurer AIA Group (+17.3%), Indonesian Bank Rakyat (+16.7%) and Indian HDFC Bank (+16.3%) performed particularly well. Japanese cosmetics company Shiseido (+35.7%) and US cosmetics firm Estee Lauder (+13.6%) delivered robust results. European household and personal care holding Unilever (+11.9%) rallied on strategic changes. On a regional basis, Emerging Markets and Japan were the primary drivers of outperformance, led by

PERFORMANCE



	QTD	YTD	1Yr	Since Inception*
Gross	5.3%	14.1%	17.9%	7.7%
Net	5.1%	13.6%	16.9%	6.8%
MSCI ACWI	4.3%	11.5%	18.8%	6.9%

CONTRIBUTORS & DETRACTORS

TOP 10	% OF CAPITAL	RETURN	RELATIVE CONTRIB.	SECTOR
ALIBABA GROUP HOLDINGS	1.7%	30.7%	0.40%	Technology
REGENERON PHARMACEUTICALS	1.7%	26.1%	0.37%	Healthcare
SHISEIDO CO LTD	0.8%	35.7%	0.20%	Consumer Staples
AIA GROUP LTD	1.2%	17.3%	0.15%	Financials
NASPERS	1.9%	12.5%	0.14%	Consumer Discretionary
KANSAS CITY SOUTHERN	0.8%	22.2%	0.14%	Industrials
SPIRAX-SARCO ENG	1.1%	17.7%	0.13%	Industrials
UNILEVER N V	1.8%	11.9%	0.13%	Consumer Staples
HDFC BANK	1.1%	16.3%	0.13%	Financials
BANK RAKYAT	1.0%	16.7%	0.12%	Financials
			1.91%	

BOTTOM 10

GRAINGER W W INC	0.5%	-23.5%	-0.23%	Industrials
CIMAREX ENERGY CO	0.8%	-21.3%	-0.22%	Energy
ADVANCE AUTO PARTS INC	0.8%	-21.3%	-0.21%	Consumer Discretionary
CARLISLE COS INC	1.4%	-10.0%	-0.21%	Industrials
LOWES COS INC	2.0%	-5.3%	-0.19%	Consumer Discretionary
DISNEY WALT CO	1.6%	-6.3%	-0.18%	Consumer Discretionary
VERIZON COMMUNICATIONS INC	1.3%	-7.3%	-0.15%	Telecommunications
APPLE INC	3.8%	0.7%	-0.13%	Technology
CHIPOTLE MEXICAN GRILL INC	1.0%	-6.6%	-0.10%	Consumer Discretionary
SOCIEDAD QUIMICA MINERA DE	1.1%	-3.7%	-0.10%	Materials
			-1.72%	

Chinese and Japanese e-commerce firms Alibaba (+30.7%) and Rakuten (+17.6%) and Russian online search leader Yandex (+19.7%). Other notable contributors include biotech company Regeneron (+26.1%) in the US.

Stock selection in the Industrials sector hurt relative performance. US industrials Carlisle Industries (-10.0%) and W.W. Grainger (-23.5%) had poor results. Regionally, relative performance in Europe ex. UK was the only laggard. German media company ProSiebenSat.1 (-2.4%) declined on slower growth projections for traditional advertisers. Other detractors include US Consumer Discretionary stocks, Walt Disney (-6.3%) and Advance AutoParts (-21.3%).

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PORTFOLIO ACTIVITY

During the quarter, we purchased Umicore, a Belgian specialty chemical company that is the world's largest recycler of precious and valuable metals, a top 3 manufacturer of catalytic converters, and has a rapidly expanding energy and surface technologies business. Umicore's expertise and leading position in cathode technology should generate substantial value as lithium-ion batteries proliferate to power electric vehicles and to store renewable energy.

Umicore's Enterprise Value to EBITDA ratio of 11.5x appears attractive relative to the company's long-term growth profile. We also purchased Danaher Corp., an "old-line" US industrial business that has reorganized and remade itself into a medical devices firm with strong science and technology franchises. We see compelling value in its ongoing restructuring to improve margins coupled with attractive organic growth prospects.

We sold long-term holding W.W. Grainger, a US industrial products distributor as the company decided to cut online prices in order to stay competitive. This is likely to hurt profits for at least a year, with the risk that longer-term there isn't a commensurate volume pick up. We also sold BMW, our only auto manufacturer, given that we are quite far along in the global auto sales recovery and the incumbent leaders face a steep capital investment curve in transitioning to Electric Vehicles.

ECONOMIC & MARKET OUTLOOK

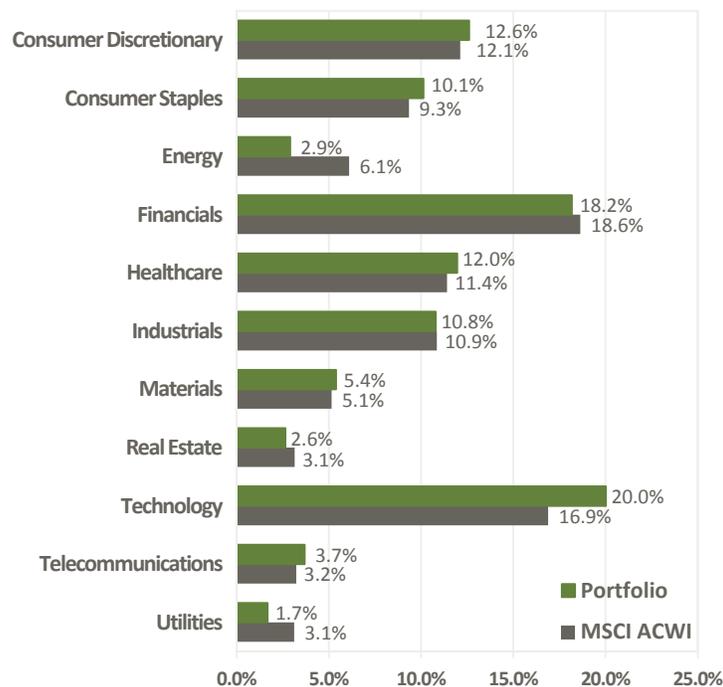
We expect global economic growth to sustain momentum over the next two years. In April, the IMF released its outlook highlighting a pickup in global growth from 3.1% last year to 3.5% in 2017 followed by continued acceleration into 2018. US GDP has been growing at a steady if tepid pace, and is on track to grow at the 2-2.5% level this year. US growth expectations are supported by the fact that more consumers are employed and may see increased wages.

In Europe, the business cycle is in an early stage as profit margins are almost one quarter below the last peak level, suggesting scope for earnings expansion. Japan's economy is operating near full employment with modest wage and price increases. Central banks in Europe and Japan will likely keep their pro-growth monetary policy stance, contributing to favorable conditions for international equities. Emerging markets include dynamic economies that can trading at 15.8x forward earnings, slightly above its 20-year average. Risks to our outlook include rising geopolitical tensions, protectionism, and a sharp increase in long-term interest rates. We have positioned our portfolios to benefit from a cyclical rebound in Europe, Japan and Emerging Markets. Our portfolios include environmental, social, and governance (ESG) leaders in every sector, which reflects our belief that ESG is an integral factor defining investment quality.

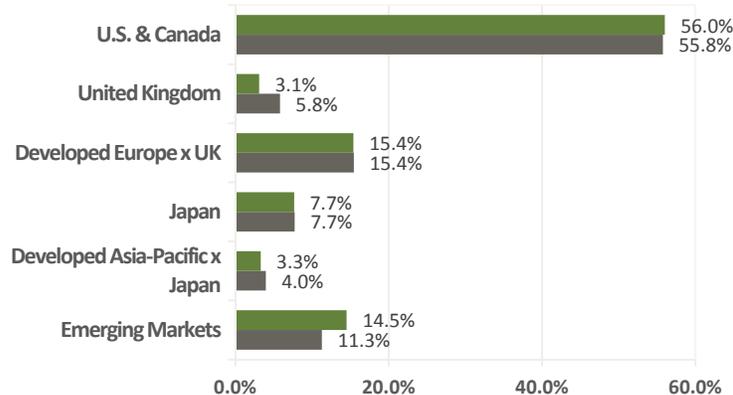
US & Canada

It is now eight years since the current economic expansion began, following the trough of the recession in June 2009. For all these years, monetary stimulus has been at historic proportions, remaining in place even as the economy improved. As the Federal Reserve reverses monetary stimulus, their actions could pose a risk to the slow, but steady growth that has supported the market's rise. We remain cautiously optimistic, as the current subdued inflation levels and low interest rates can arguably support multiple expansion from current levels if the 10-year bond yield remains range bound. If the US Administration can create fiscal stimulus through tax law changes or infrastructure spending, growth expectations could rise by another 0.5% or so. At the same time, we are mindful that foreign policy and domestic governance alike may take unexpected turns, as the nation comes to terms with rising protectionist sentiment, US renunciation of global statesmanship, and a new era where serving a political base takes precedence over issues of inclusive prosperity and well-being such as climate change.

SECTOR ALLOCATION



REGIONAL ALLOCATION



PORTFOLIO CHARACTERISTICS

	BOSTON COMMON	MSCI ACWI
# HOLDINGS	88	2,501
Valuation		
Next 12m Price to Earnings	18.2	15.8
Price to Book Value	3.2	2.2
Price to Sales	2.7	1.6
Dividend Yield	1.7%	2.4%
Growth		
5yr Sales Growth	4.8%	1.2%
5yr EPS Growth	8.7%	3.4%
Risk		
Wtd Avg Mkt Cap	117,800	113,588
LT Debt/Cap	31.9%	39.4%
Beta	1.02	1.00

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Europe

While Europe's economic recovery has been gaining momentum over the past three years, political uncertainty has weighed on investor sentiment for the region. This past quarter may have been a positive inflection point in the continent's political stability. In the French election, Emmanuel Macron, who founded a centrist party last year, easily beat the far right candidate Marine Le Pen. While Le Pen was calling for France to leave the Eurozone, Macron is in favor of European integration, social inclusion, and liberal economic reforms. Macron is the youngest President in France's history and his party, En Marche, upset the traditional political parties with a resounding Parliamentary victory that consolidates legislative power. The more stable political backdrop has helped boost Eurozone consumer confidence to a nearly 10-year high. Improved sentiment looks likely to translate into stronger corporate earnings.

The European banking system also looks healthier after a long period of fragility. For several years Eurozone banks have been selling assets, raising capital, and cutting costs. The resolution of troubled banks in Italy and Spain this past month should help the healing process by demonstrating effective regulatory structure. After contracting from 2012 to 2015, Eurozone private loans increased 2.6% in May, a post-crisis high. Stronger financial institutions should offer access to credit that will enable households and companies to make productive capital expenditures. Prime Minister Theresa May called an early election in June that resulted in her conservative party losing its majority in Parliament. The vote can be viewed as a rebuke to the Prime Minister's plan for a complete exit from the European Union, otherwise known as a "hard Brexit." We expect protracted negotiations with the EU will hinder investment and activity in Britain and our portfolios are correspondingly underweight the UK. Given our favorable view of profit growth and valuation, we are overweight European software and semiconductors, and specialty chemical stocks.

Japan

Earlier this month, Japan and the EU announced a trade agreement that represents an important symbolic achievement after the US administration's rejection of the Trans-Pacific Partnership (TPP). Prime Minister Abe, looking to bolster his lagging approval ratings, characterized the deal as "the world's largest, free, advanced, industrialized economic zone." Importantly, the trade deal will be accompanied by a separate agreement solidifying cooperation and global leadership on important issues such as cybercrime and climate change even without the United States.

The Bank of Japan's (BOJ) determination to promote inflation will likely lead to looser monetary policy in Japan compared to Europe and the US. The BOJ was unequivocal in its response to recently rising long-term interest rates, offering to buy an unlimited amount of Japanese Government Bonds at the prevailing interest rate of 0.11%. While that rate is exceptionally low, it is above the BOJ's target of 0% and was the highest level in nearly 18 months. Going forward, we expect Japan's monetary policy will lead to a weaker Yen.

A depreciating currency can spur earnings and stock prices in the short term, but sustainable growth continues to be held back by structural limitations (i.e. an aging, shrinking population and a shift to temporary employment). These demographic factors limit domestic growth opportunities, so our exposure to Japan is concentrated in exporters. However, we have been selectively buying inexpensive Japanese stocks with potential for improved corporate governance.

NEW & CLOSED POSITIONS

CLOSED	SECTOR	% OF PORT.
BMW BAYERISCHE MOTOREN WORKE AG	Consumer Discretionary	0.9%
GRAINGER W W INC COM	Industrials	0.9%
TOTAL CLOSED		1.8%
NEW	SECTOR	% OF PORT.
DANAHER CORP DEL COM	Healthcare	1.0%
NTT DOCOMO, INC.	Telecommunications	0.5%
SOUTHWEST AIRLS CO COM	Industrials	0.8%
UMICORE	Materials	1.0%
TOTAL NEW		3.3%

COMPANY SPOTLIGHT: SOUTHWEST AIRLINES

Description

Southwest Airlines Co. (LUV) provides air transportation services to 101 cities in 40 US states and select international locations. The airline operates a fleet of 723 (all Boeing 737s) aircraft and is the 4th largest US carrier by revenues. The company has well-established, transparent diversity and equal opportunity workplace policies and collective bargaining, which help maintain loyal, constructive relations with its workforce. These policies and practices have enabled Southwest to sustain its industry-leading efficiency record. Its resilient, low-cost operating model has recorded 44 straight years of profit, almost unique in the industry. With more than 3,900 daily flights during the peak travel season, and because of the Company's focus on 'Living Responsibly', Southwest has made a commitment to reduce its environmental impact. The company was founded in 1967 and is headquartered in Dallas, TX.

Investment Thesis

Southwest should benefit from a pickup in US economic growth. The airline's low-cost operating model is a long-term competitive advantage enabling the airline to profitably offer low fares in a highly competitive environment. Labor and fuel are major cost components. On the former, the company maintains superior employer-employee relations relative to its peers and recently signed new contracts with pilots and flight attendants and is currently in negotiations with its mechanics union. On the latter, the company leads the industry in emissions reductions through fuel efficiency. Since 2005, Southwest has improved fuel efficiency by 30.6% on a revenue ton mile (RTM) basis, and in 2016 it saved ~25 million gallons of fuel with refined fuel and flight plan procedures. Our positive investment view stems from the belief that Southwest can demonstrate less earnings cyclicality as it maintains a US-centric route profile and a streamlined and efficient expense structure that, over the longer-term, could allow for multiple expansion.

ESG Profile

Boston Common plans to engage Southwest on its energy and resource-use plans as well as safety issues in 2017. Currently, Southwest has tracked greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions voluntarily since 2009, and in 2016 the company improved its CO2 intensity ratios for the fifth straight year. Part of the company's CO2 emissions reduction strategy is to seek opportunities to reduce and offset emissions as the company grows.

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Asia Pacific & Emerging Markets

In June Australia reported its 26th consecutive year without a recession, surpassing the record held by the Netherlands that ended in 2008. Australia's impressive achievement was partially driven by China's industrial development and its accompanying booming demand for commodities. A very strong housing market also contributed to growth in the financial and construction industries. Looking ahead, Australia's house price-to-rent ratio is among the most expensive in the world and demand for industrial metals looks likely to soften. We remain underweight Australia and commodities.

While China's construction and industrial activity was boosted this past year by government stimulus, large capital investment projects have slowed. China's ability to manage the balancing act between ensuring financial stability and maintaining growth is a key debate for global markets. Credit rating agency Moody's recently downgraded Chinese sovereign debt based

on concern about the country's debt buildup. At the same time index provider MSCI announced it will include Shanghai-traded (A shares) Chinese stocks in its influential Emerging Markets index for the first time. Hong Kong and US-listed Chinese stocks currently account for over 25% of the EM index. While the A shares initially added will be weighted less than 1%, the allocation is expected to rise such that China could eventually account for almost 40% of the EM index.

China is likely to continue gradually opening its financial markets to global investors, consolidating and restructuring state owned enterprises, and expanding its consumer, healthcare, and environmental service sectors. This view leaves us cautious on industrial metal demand and optimistic about the long-term future for China's economy. Our portfolios have selective exposure to China and Emerging Markets with an emphasis on e-commerce, environmental solutions, and financial services.

Shareholder Engagement Highlights

Milestones

Chemical Safety – In April, **CVS Health** [announced](#) its intention to **remove all parabens, phthalates and the most prevalent formaldehyde donors across nearly 600 beauty and personal care products** from store brand CVS Health, Beauty 360, Essence of Beauty, and Blade product lines by the end of 2019. The company is also publishing a full list of chemicals restricted from use in current store brands by product category. We are encouraging CVS to expand this effort beyond its private brands.

Corporate Governance & Shareholder Rights - Alphabet (Google) class A shareholders receive only one vote per share owned, while class B holders (typically insiders) outweigh "outsiders" with 10 times the voting rights. Boston Common co-filed an **equal voting rights shareholder proposal** at Alphabet, which received an overall "for" vote of 28.9% when counting both voting classes (A and B) together. **Almost 99% of class A shareholders supported the proposal.**

Work in Progress

Global Health - We are leading an investor engagement on improving the nutritional practices of 13 leading Food & Beverage companies benchmarked by the **Access to Nutrition Index (ATNI)**, including **Mondelēz** and **Unilever**. As of 2016, 35% of Unilever's portfolio by volume met the highest nutritional standards (based on globally recognized dietary guidelines), and the company is on track to achieve its 60% goal by 2020. We encouraged Unilever to add more positive nutrients under its product reformulation efforts. With Mondelēz, we discussed nutritional performance in the context of promoting health of consumers and links to a more sustainable food system.

Eco-Efficiency – We met with the CEO of electric and gas utilities **Origin Energy** and **National Grid** staff to discuss **GHG emissions and Eco-Efficiency**. Origin plans to retire coal-fired power plants and replace them with wind and solar power. National Grid plans to replace leaky gas pipes in New York and expand regional transmission lines to carry renewable power. We are continuing to encourage **BMW** to join the **EP100**.

Supply Chain Management & Workplace Safety – Four years following the collapse of Rana Plaza, we continue to support the **Bangladesh Accord on Fire and Building Safety** in a coalition of global investors representing over U.S. \$4.3 trillion, which issued a recent [statement](#) on its success. We are also engaging **VF Corp (Timberland)** on a new aspect of Bangladesh where **egregious labor and environmental practices were discovered in the \$1 billion-per-year tannery industry including widespread child labor and no water effluent treatment** for 150 tanneries in Hazaribag.

New Initiatives

Gender Equality – We launched our **Gender Equality initiative** this quarter and evaluated 8 portfolio companies held in both our US Core and Value strategies, including **CME Group**, **Mohawk Industries** and **Oracle**. We became a signatory to the Women's Empowerment Principles in 2015 and are urging companies to: **improve disclosure on board level oversight of diversity initiatives, provide internal research on the gender pay gap, and develop metrics to measure progress on how equal opportunities are upheld**. We have written to each company, highlighting examples of good management practices on gender equality, wherever possible.

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